



Anti-corruption Standards and Mechanisms of the Council of Europe

6th Summer School for Junior Magistrates from South-Eastern Europe

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June 7, 2011, Sunny Beach, Bulgaria

Outline



anti-corruption approach and standards

Brief overview of CoE Anti-corruption Standards

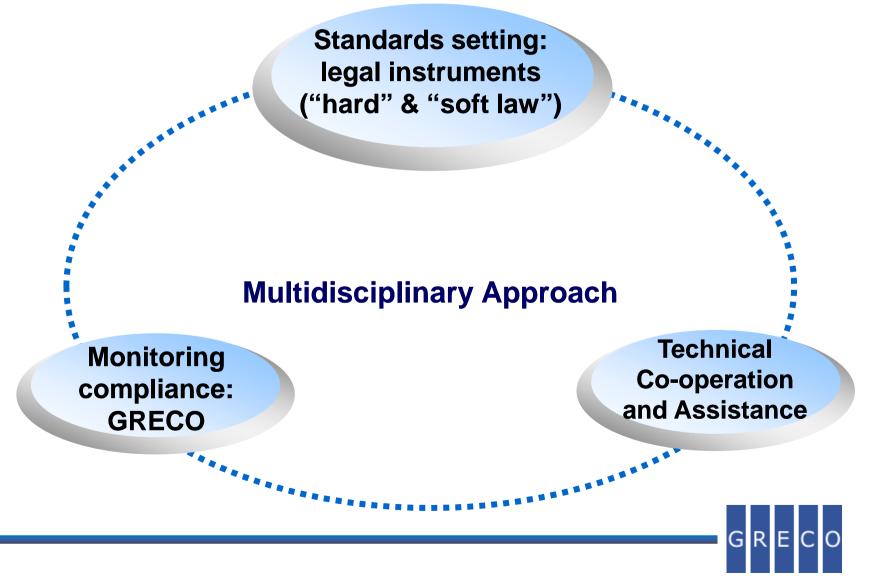
Overview of GRECO

GRECO evaluations and findings

GRECO experiences



The Council of Europe's approach to the fight against corruption



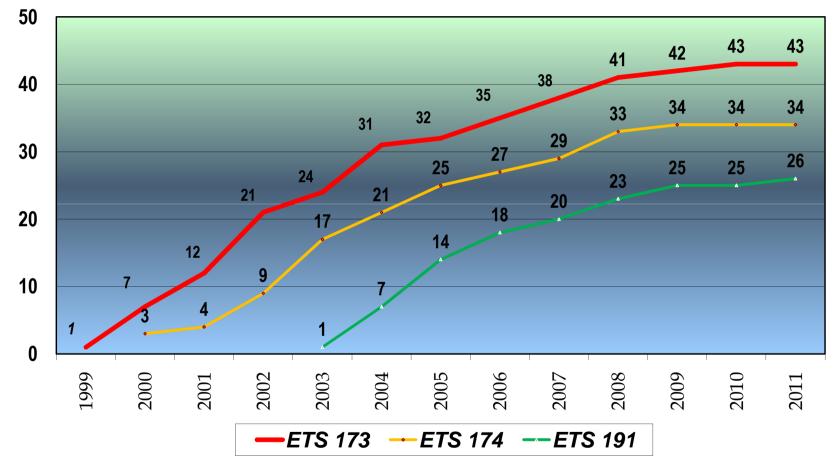
Council of Europe's Anti-corruption Standards

- The Twenty Guiding Principles for the Fight against Corruption (1997)
- The Criminal Law Convention on Corruption (ETS 173, 1999)
- The Civil Law Convention on Corruption (ETS 174, 1999)
- Recommendation on Codes of Conduct for Public Officials (2000)
- Recommendation on Funding of Political Parties and Electoral Campaigns (2003)
- Additional Protocol to the Criminal Law Convention on Corruption (ETS 191, 2003)



Ratifications Status





Status as of: 3/6/2011



Criminal Law Convention Status as of 3/6/2011



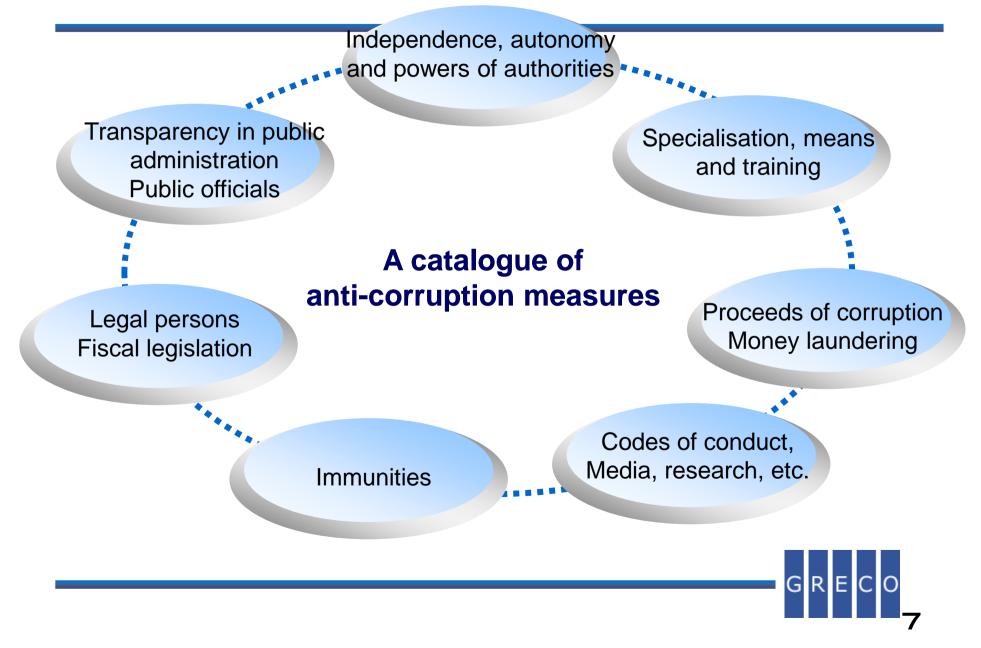


Signatures without ratification (7) Ratifications/accessions (43)



Brief overview of CoE anti-corruption standards:

20 Guiding Principles for the fight against corruption



Criminal Law Convention on Corruption

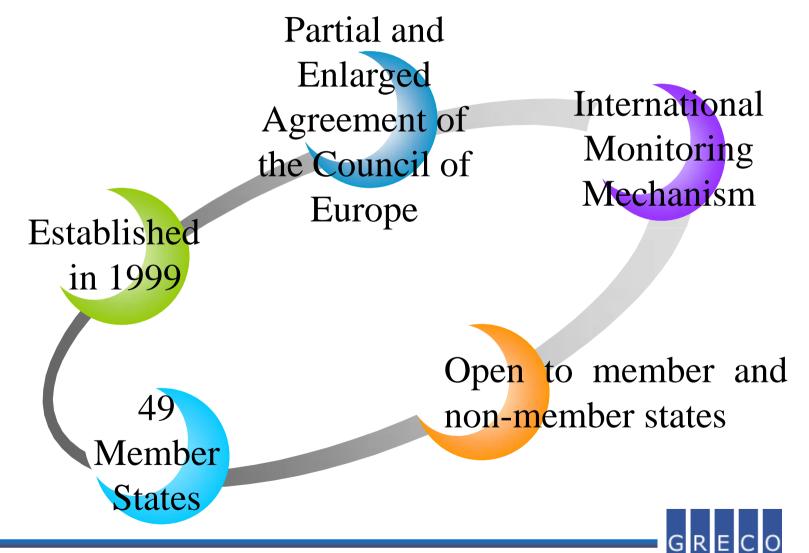
- Wide scope to combat corruption acts through criminal law instruments
- Co-ordinated criminalisation of a wide range of corruption related offences, including active and passive forms of bribery in the public and private sector, trading in influence, money laundering of proceeds from corruption, accounting offences
- Wide range of public officials (national and foreign)
- Complementary criminal law measures (i.e. jurisdiction, corporate liability, sanctions)
- International co-operation

Civil Law Convention on Corruption

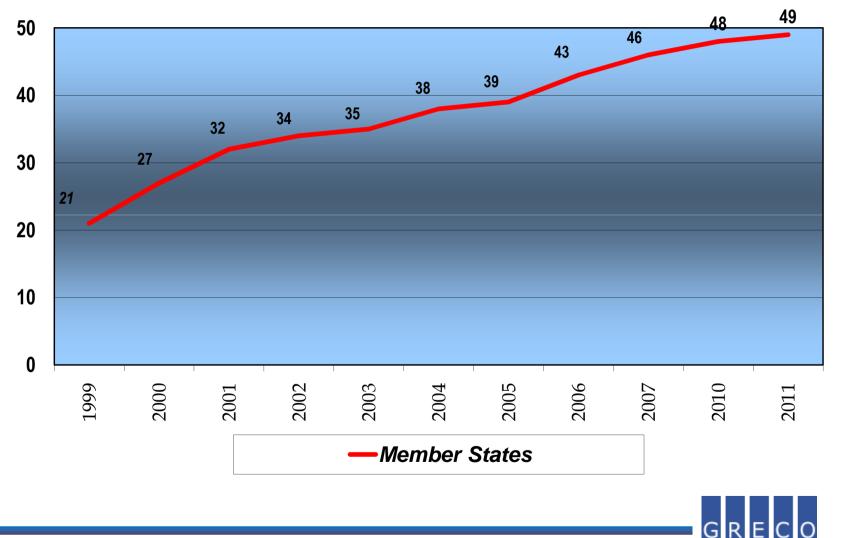
- Civil remedies, compensation for damage resulting from corruption
- State responsibility
- Validity of contracts
- Civil law measures
- Protection of whistleblowers



GRECO Overview



GRECO Membership



GRECO Membership Map

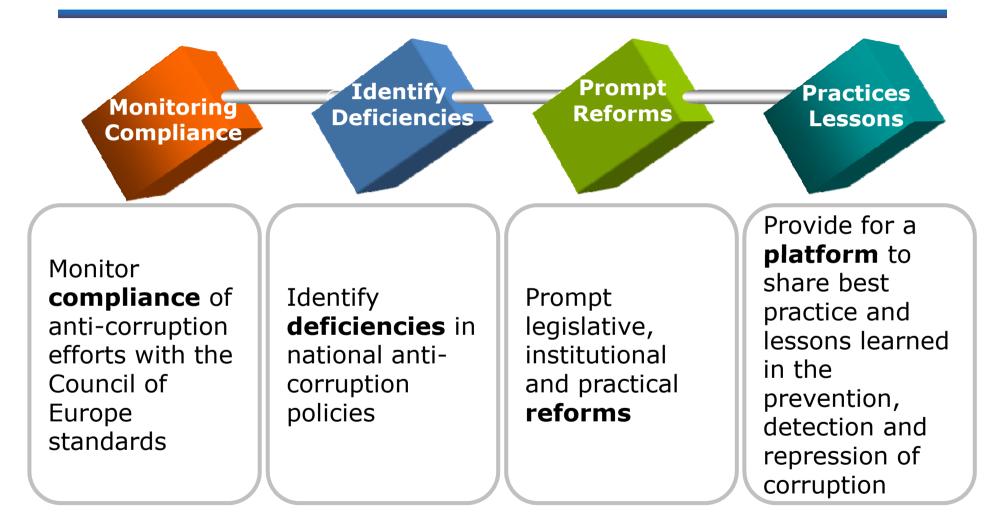


1999 17 Founding States **2009** = **35** States



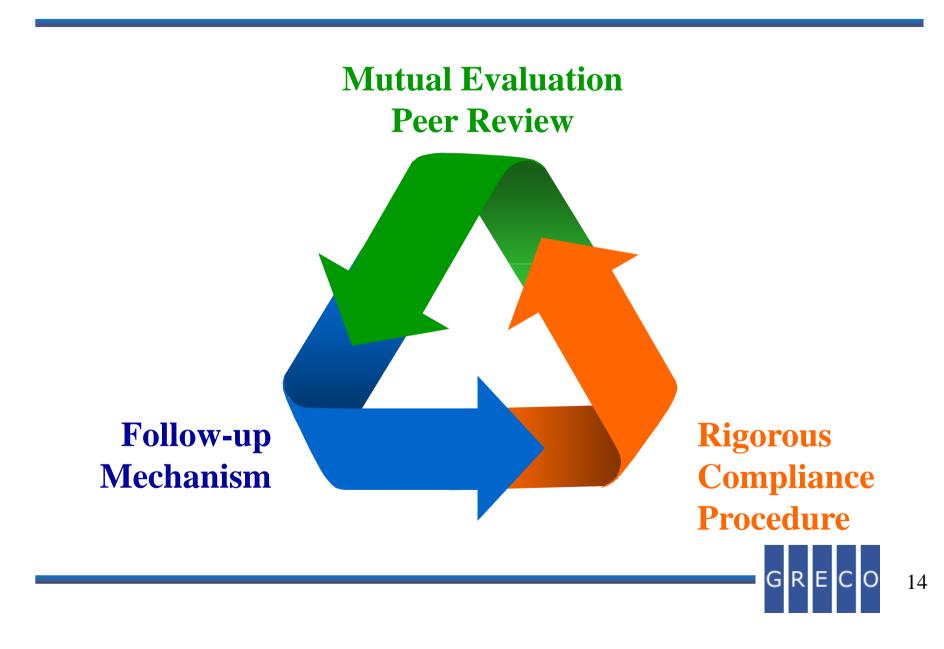


GRECO Objective

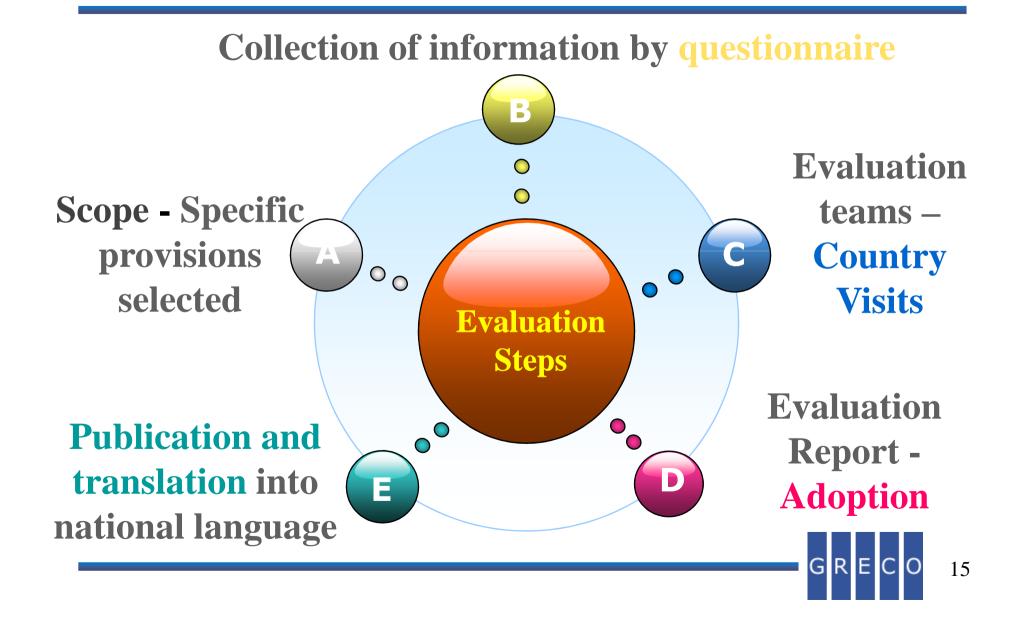




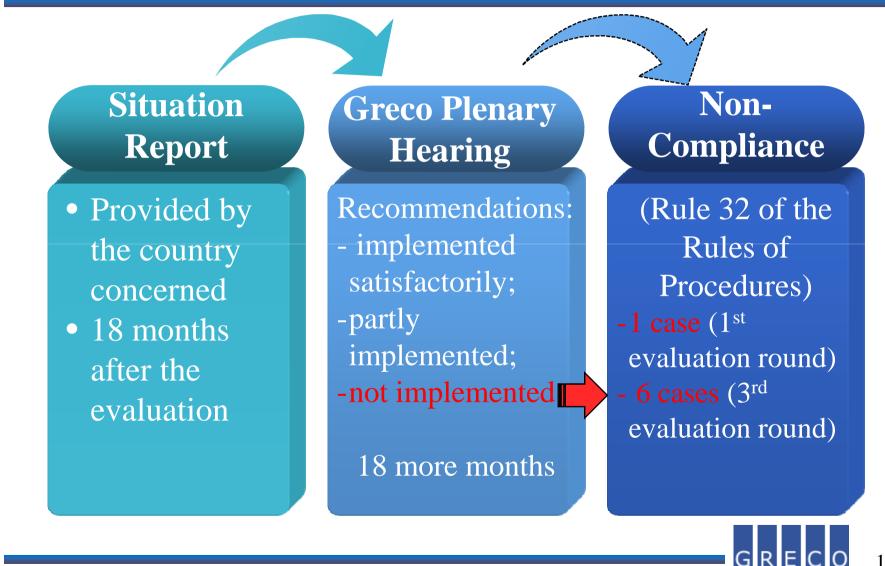
GRECO Working Methods



GRECO Evaluations - Procedure



Compliance Procedure



GRECO First Evaluation Round (January 2000 – December 2002)

• Evaluation themes:

- Independence, autonomy and powers of persons or bodies in charge of preventing, prosecuting and adjudicating corruption offences
- Immunities from investigation, prosecution or adjudication of corruption offences
- Specialisation, means and training of persons or bodies in charge of fighting corruption

(Resolution (97) 24 "20 Guiding Principles", principles 3, 6 and 7)

GRECO findings of the first evaluation round

3 main fields of necessary improvements:

Substantive law

Implementation of adopted legislation

General topics important for the fight against corruption



GRECO Second Evaluation Round (January 2003 – December 2006)

Evaluation themes:

- Identification, seizure and confiscation of the proceeds of corruption (including links between corruption, organized crime and money laundering)
- The role of the public administration, efficiency and transparency with regard to corruption
- Prevention of legal persons being used as shields for corruption, including tax and financial legislation to counter corruption

(Resolution (97) 24 "20 Guiding Principles" and Criminal Law Convention on Corruption ETS n° 173)

GRECO findings of the second evaluation round

Main fields of necessary improvements:

- Effectiveness of money laundering mechanisms
- Seizure and confiscation of corruption's proceeds
- Conflict of interest
- Pantouflage/Revolving doors
- Whistleblowers' protection
- Responsibility of legal persons



GRECO Third Evaluation Round (January 2007 – ongoing)

Evaluation themes:

- **I. Incriminations on Corruption** (Criminal Law Convention (ETS n° 173), its Additional Protocol (ETS n° 191) and GP 2 (Resolution (97) 24)
- **II. Transparency of Party Funding** (Rec. 2003/4 on Common Rules against Corruption in the Funding of Political Parties and Electoral Campaigns)



GRECO findings of the third evaluation round

Incriminations:

- Explicit criminalisation of bribery and trading in influence (TI) for foreign officials
 - > foreign public officials, members of foreign public assemblies, officials of international organisations, members of international parliamentary assemblies, judges and officials of international courts
- Incriminations for national and foreign arbitrators and jurors
- Constitutive elements of different bribery and TI offences
- Sanctions applied i.e. statute of limitations
 - > Low penalties for bribery offences (bribery in the private sector, TI, active forms)
- Abolishment of dual criminality requirement for corruption and trading in influence offences
- Jurisdiction for bribery and TI offences committed abroad
- Defences (automatic regret)



GRECO findings of the third evaluation round

Political Financing:

- Transparency of Political Funding
 - > *Status*: similar obligations for political parties and candidates
 - > Donations: Anonymous donations, threshold effects, contributions in kind, sponsorship, loans, rewards for public contracts
 - *Party accounts*: maintaining accounts, standards, content, scope, presentation, publication
- Monitoring the implementation of the legislation
 - > Independence of the supervisory body, a single body, scope, resources...
- Sanctions
 - > Inappropriate, weak, flexible sanctions, limited scope, lack of application



GRECO Fourth Evaluation Round

Corruption Prevention in respect of:

Members of Parliament

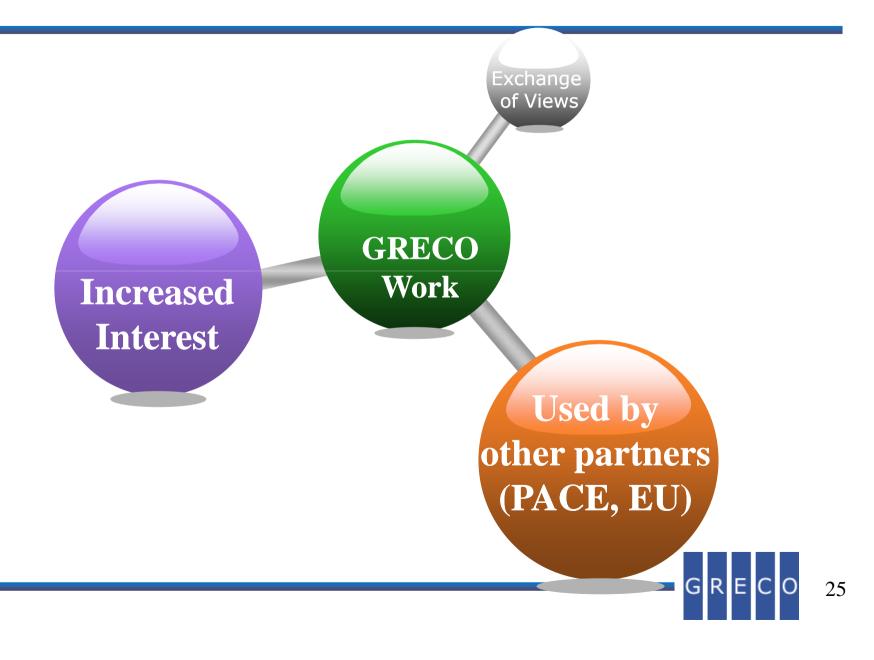
(regardless of the chamber of parliament, regardless of whether they are appointed or elected) Judges and Prosecutors

(both professional and lay judges, regardless of the type of court in which they sit)

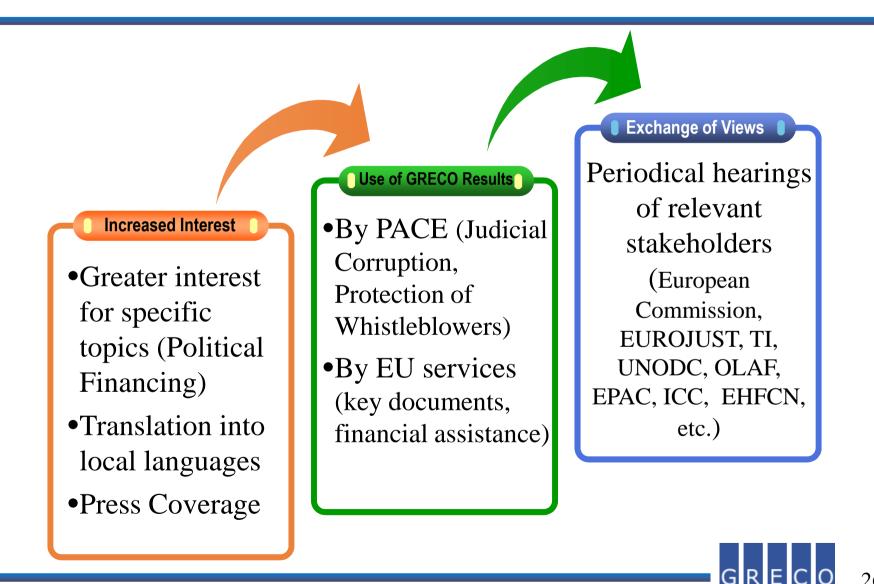
Starting: January 2012



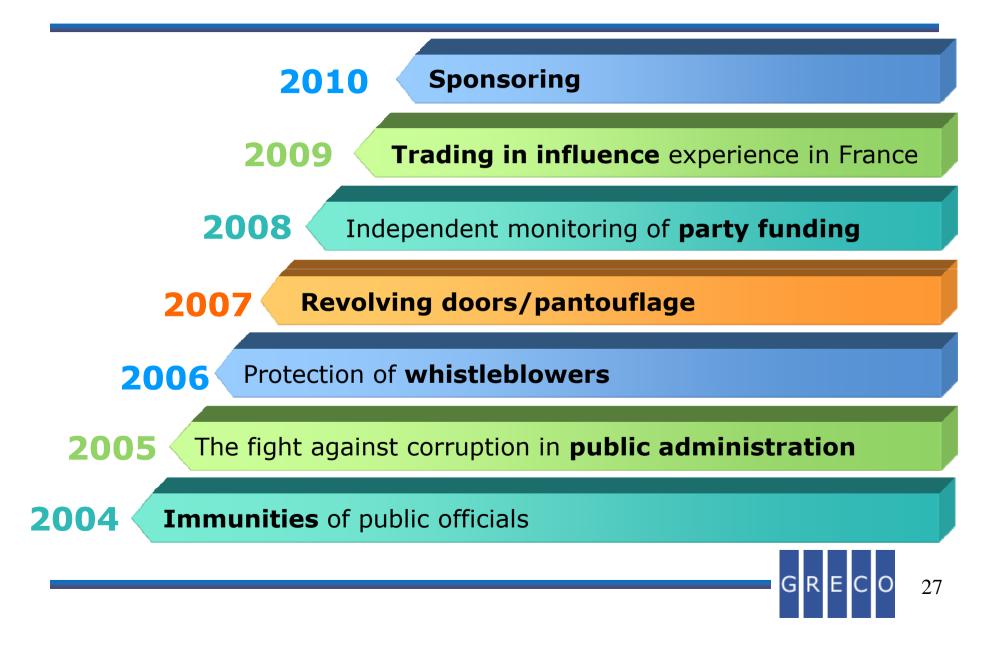
GRECO Experience



Increased interest and visibility of GRECO



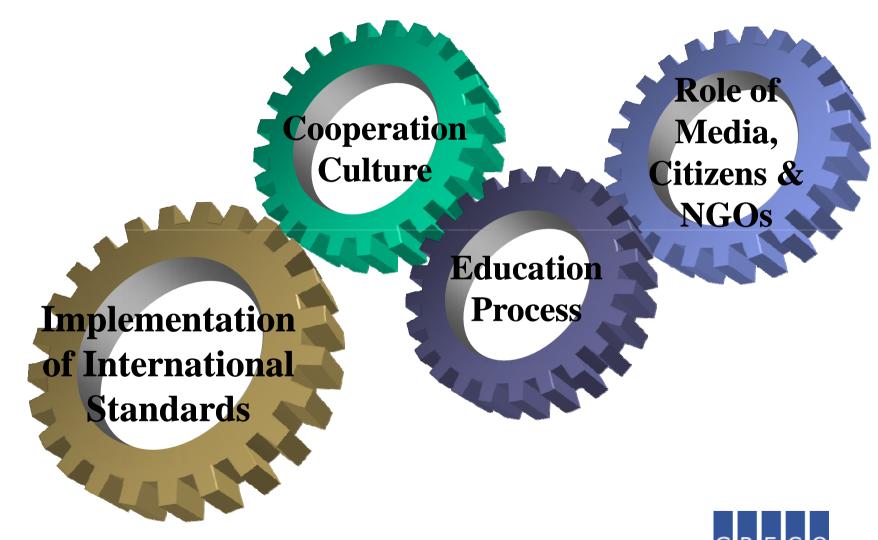
Specific Thematic Experiences



Difficulties encountered

- Different goals of member states
- Lower implementation rate of recommendations during the 3rd round
- Feeling of "unequal" treatment of member states

Conclusion



For further information:

www.coe.int/greco

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0	Council of Europe	Group of States against Corruption		GRECO	
COUNCIL CONSEIL OF EUROPE DE L'EUROPE	Council of Europe DG-HL portal H	Iome Site map	Contact us Restrie	cted access	
www.coe.int/greco	Print Send FRANCAIS News - Last up-date : 07/04/2011 Meetings				
About GRECO	NEWS FLASH - NEWS FLASH - NEWS FLASH - NEWS FLASH - NEWS FLASH			Calendar 2011 Plenary meetings (Decisions & Summary reports)	
Meetings	Soth Plenary Meeting - GREC0 50 Strasbourg, 28 March - 1 April 2011 - Link to Decisions GRECO report on Moldova calls for improvement of anti-bribery legislation and for stricter supervision of political funding [Strasbourg, 06/04/2011] - The Council of Europe's Group of States against Corruption (GRECO) today published its Third Round Evaluation Report on Moldova, in which it acknowledges improvements in the legislation to fight corruption and regulate political funding, but concludes that improvements are needed to combat bribery and calls for a stricter supervision and greater transparency			• "Tours de table"	
Evaluations				What are GRECO evaluations? Evaluation rounds: procedures,	
Documents				questionnaires, reports (more).	
News flashes /				Third Evaluation Round	
Press releases Web resources				 Reports adopted Questionnaires Guidelines for evaluators Political financing: 	
10th Anniversary Conference	of political funding. (more) Link to the report: ▶ Theme I on incriminations	·		GRECO's horizontal study on Political financing (read more)	
	Theme II on Transparency of Party Funding				
	GRECO report on Cyprus: Need for a legislation and greater transparence parties			Andron (Associa) (8009 time (2 andron from The Excel procession)	
	[Strasbourg, 04/04/2011] – The Council of Europe's Group today published its Third Round Evaluation Report on C establish a uniform legal framework for the criminalisation of c that private sector financing of political parties should be more	yprus , in which it stre corruption offences. GR	sses a clear need to ECO also concludes	Training workshop March 2007	

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Thank you for your attention

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Questions - Discussion



